Introduction to Archaeology

Middle School Science Social Studies

Overview

The PowerPoint presentation covers the main purposes and processes of archaeology.

Objectives

Students will learn about the scientific processes that archaeologists use to learn about people in the past.

Students will learn about archaeology as a career and what education is required.

Students will learn that laws and a code of ethics apply to archaeology.

Activities

Student activities and worksheets include:

Graphic organizers

Timeline

True/false review questions

Short answer question

Essay question

Individual activities

Group activity

Teacher answer sheets are provided.

Related Resources about Archaeology

www.crt.la.gov/DiscoverArchaeology

Vocabulary

Absolute dating

Analysis

Artifact

Carbon-14 dating

Context

Excavation

Feature

Historic

Hypotheses

Inference

Interpretation

Law of Superposition

Prehistoric

Publication

Radiocarbon dating

Research

Relative dating

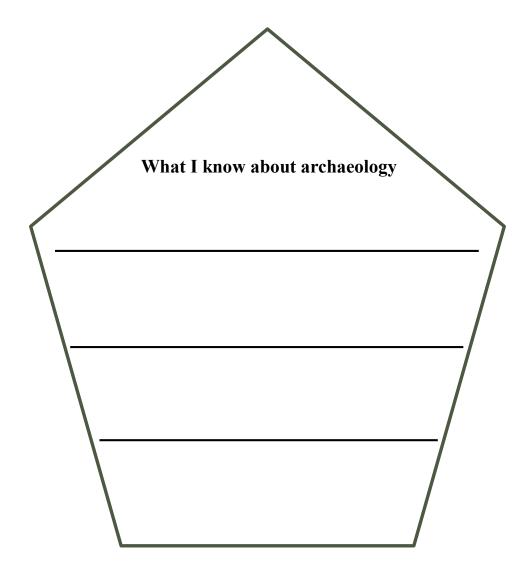
Scientific method

Stratigraphy

Site

Name:	Teacher	•
Course:	Date:	

List 3 things that you know about archaeology. Keep this list handy, we'll use it again after the presentation.



Name:	Teacher:	
Course:	Date:	

Process of Archaeology



Challenge: see if you can order the steps in archaeology:

Research Interpretation

Publication Excavation

Analysis Hypothesis

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Process of Archaeology

Archaeology Stratigraphy Challenge (page 1)

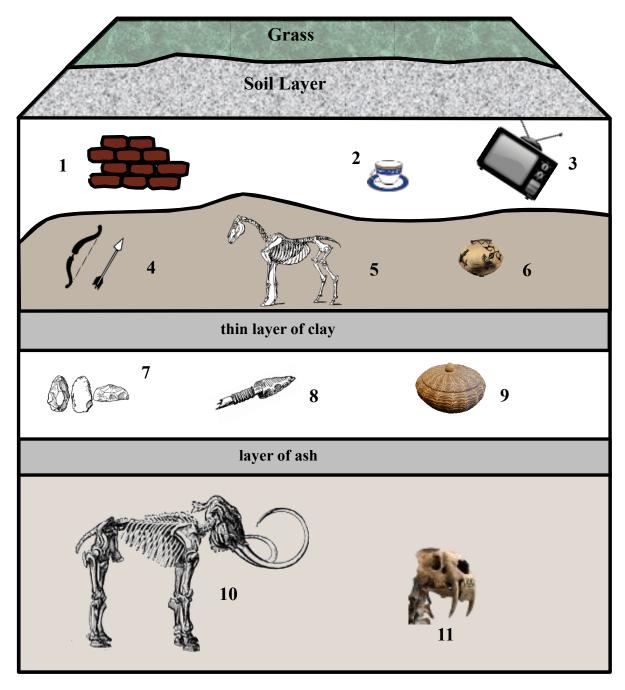


Image credits:

Louisiana Division of Archaeology with various clipart Cup: http://www.clker.com/clipart-3941.html

Television: https://openclipart.org/detail/19899/old-television-20 Bow and Arrow: https://openclipart.org/detail/202285/bow-and-arrow

Horse: https://openclipart.org/detail/896/horse-skeleton Pot and Basket: http://www.firstpeople.us

Stone Tools: http://etc.usf.edu/clipart/49400/49412/49412_stones-paleo.htm Spear: http://etc.usf.edu/clipart/17500/17529/arrowheads_17529.htm

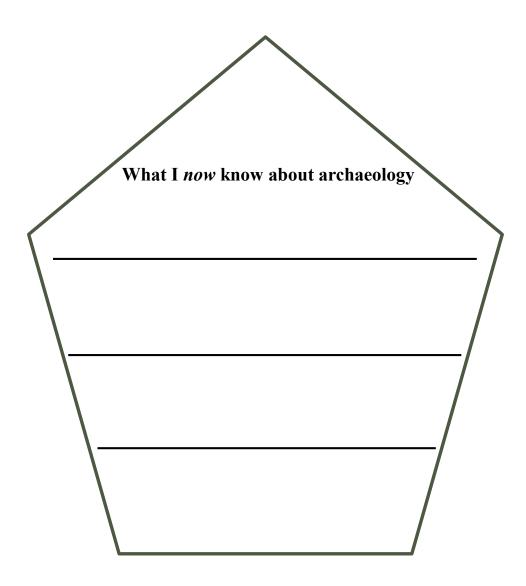
Mammoth: https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:PSM V21 D509 Skeleton of a mammoth.jpg

Name:	Teacher:
Course:	Date:
Archaeology Stratigraphy Challen	ge (page 2)
Identify the artifact	
	Word Bank
1	Mammoth
2	T I' D I .
3	5
4	Homao
5	Driolo
6	
7	Saber-Tooth Cat
8	C
9	T 1 ' '
10	σ · \mathbf{p} .
10	

Based on the Law of Superposition, which two things are the oldest?

Name:	Teacher:
Course:	

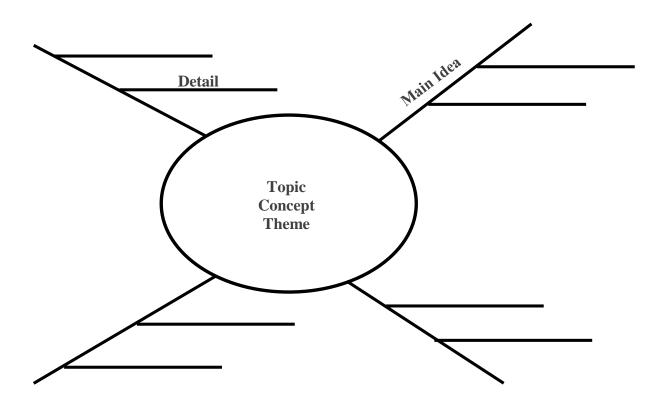
List 3 things that you *now* know about archaeology. Compare this list to the one you made at the beginning of the presentation. What is the same? What is different?

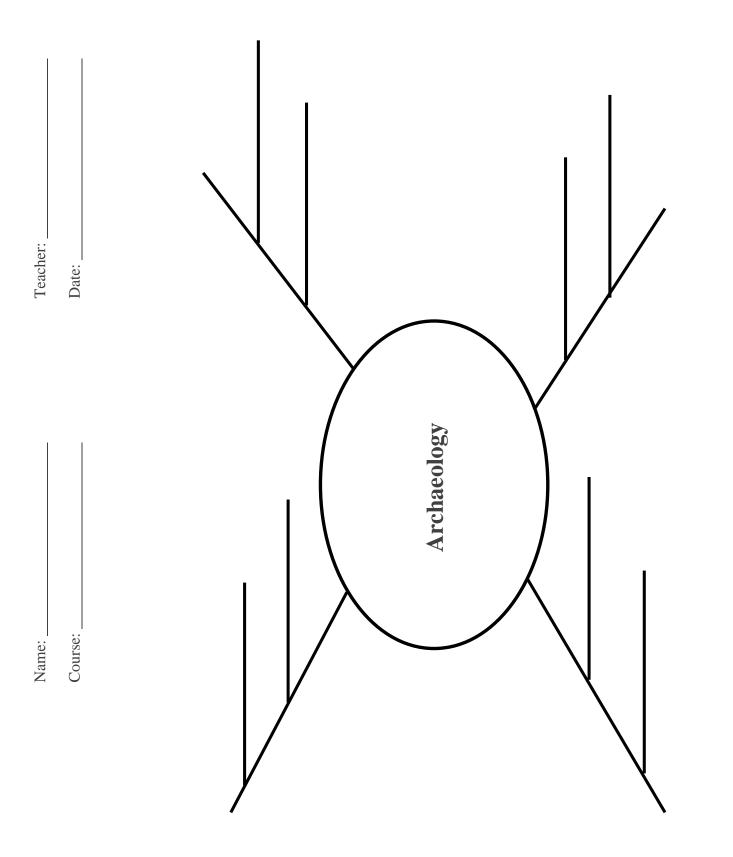


Name:	Teacher:	
Course:		
Review (True/False, Short Answer, Essay)		
Archaeology is the study of dinosaurs and fossils.	True False	
Archaeologists can work on land or underwater.	True False	
The process of archaeology follows the scientific method.	True O False O	
Archaeologists can tell how old a site or artifact is by guessing	ng. True O False O	
What is one dating method used by archaeologists?		
How do archaeologists tell the story of a site?		

Name: _	_	Teacher:
Course:		Date:
Group A	Activity – You Are Archaeolo	ogists in the Future
you are a you desc	archaeologists from the year A	ite, an artifact, or a monument that exists today. Pretend a.D. 3015 and you find this place or object. How would the scientific method used in archaeology and how an
	What questions would be impodeas, or hypotheses , would yo	rtant to understand this site/artifact/monument? What ou form from these questions?
2) H	How would you start to answer	these questions? What kind of research would you do?
	What might you find out? For enalyze to answer your questic	example, what artifacts or historical records would you ons?
	How would you share this info	rmation? What publication would you create to tell
Example	es:	
Independ	•	atue of Liberty, Civil War museum, Declaration of u, cable TV guide, traffic sign, cell phone, music CD,

This is a spider map than can be used to organize information. Use this spider map to organize the information you just learned about archaeology. Start with a main topic, concept or theme. Use the long legs to list the main ideas. The short legs can be used for details. You do not have to do this diagram just like the one used in the presentation. Decide for yourself what should go in this diagram. Discuss your choices with others in the class.



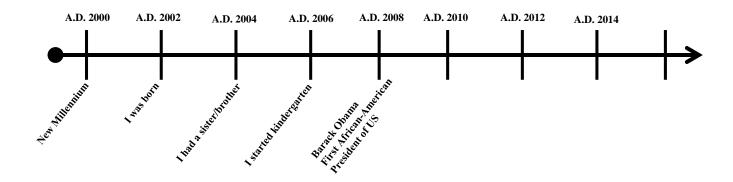


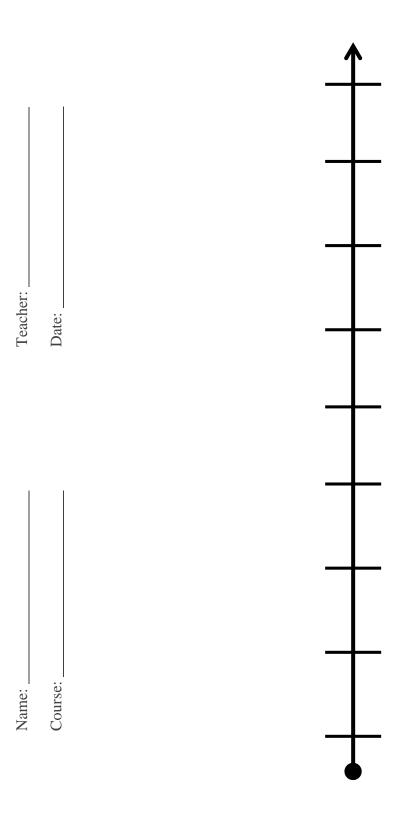
Individual Activity – Investigate Your Past (page 1)

Consider the events of your life. What events would you list on this timeline? Do you remember important local, national or international events that have occurred during your life?

Draw a timeline of your life. Be sure to label the years or specific dates of events. Consider events that happened before you were born, and what effect or influence they may have had on your life.

Here is an example:





For the Teacher

Answer: order the steps in archaeology



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For the Teacher

Answers

Review (True/False, Short Aı	nswer, Essay)
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Archaeology is the study of dinosaurs and fossils.	True O False
Archaeologists can work on land or underwater.	True False C
The process of archaeology follows the scientific method.	True False
Archaeologists can tell how old a site or artifact is by guessing.	True False

What is one dating method used by archaeologists? <u>absolute dating, radiocarbon dating, carbon-14 dating, or relative dating</u>

How do archaeologists tell the story of a site? <u>Archaeologists interpret the information from a site through research and analysis.</u> They also work with other archaeologists who share their ideas about the artifacts and the site, as well as what may have happened there. They publish their work in magazines, books, or brochures.

Group Activity – You Are Archaeologists in the Future

There are no wrong answers here.

Archaeology Stratigraphy Answers – match

- 1 Bricks
- 2 Cup and Saucer
- 3 Television
- 4 Bow and Arrow
- 5 Horse
- 6 Ceramic Pot
- 7 Stone Tools
- 8 Spear
- 9 Indian Basket
- 10 Mammoth
- 11 Saber-Tooth Cat

Based on the Law of Superposition, the oldest things are the mammoth and the sabertooth cat.

Introduction to Archaeology

This is one in a series of modules about Louisiana archaeology. Each module has a PowerPoint presentation and associated student activities. The series is called "Learn about Louisiana's Past through Archaeology."

The presentation is intended for educational use. Please use image credits where provided.

Please visit the Division of Archaeology website for additional teaching materials and educational resources at: www.crt.la.gov/DiscoverArchaeology.

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Louisiana Division of Archaeology Office of Cultural Development Department of Culture, Recreation and Tourism Office of the Lieutenant Governor Baton Rouge, Louisiana

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